

Bitcoin: Concepts, Practice, and Research Directions

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Computer Science, Cornell University

DISC Bitcoin Tutorial, October 2014



Barter



Gold



Fiat



Barter



Gold



Fiat



Bitcoin

2008: The Bitcoin white paper

2009: Reference implementation

[Satoshi Nakamoto]



Barter



Gold



Fiat



Bitcoin

- Decentralized control
- Decentralized minting
- Easy to transfer
- Novel tech, new applications



Barter



Gold



Fiat



Bitcoin

taxation is a crime!

Banks:
criminals, who
print money
and lend it as
debt.

Bitcoin or oligarchy?

Separate church and state?
Separate bank and state!

Great Success!

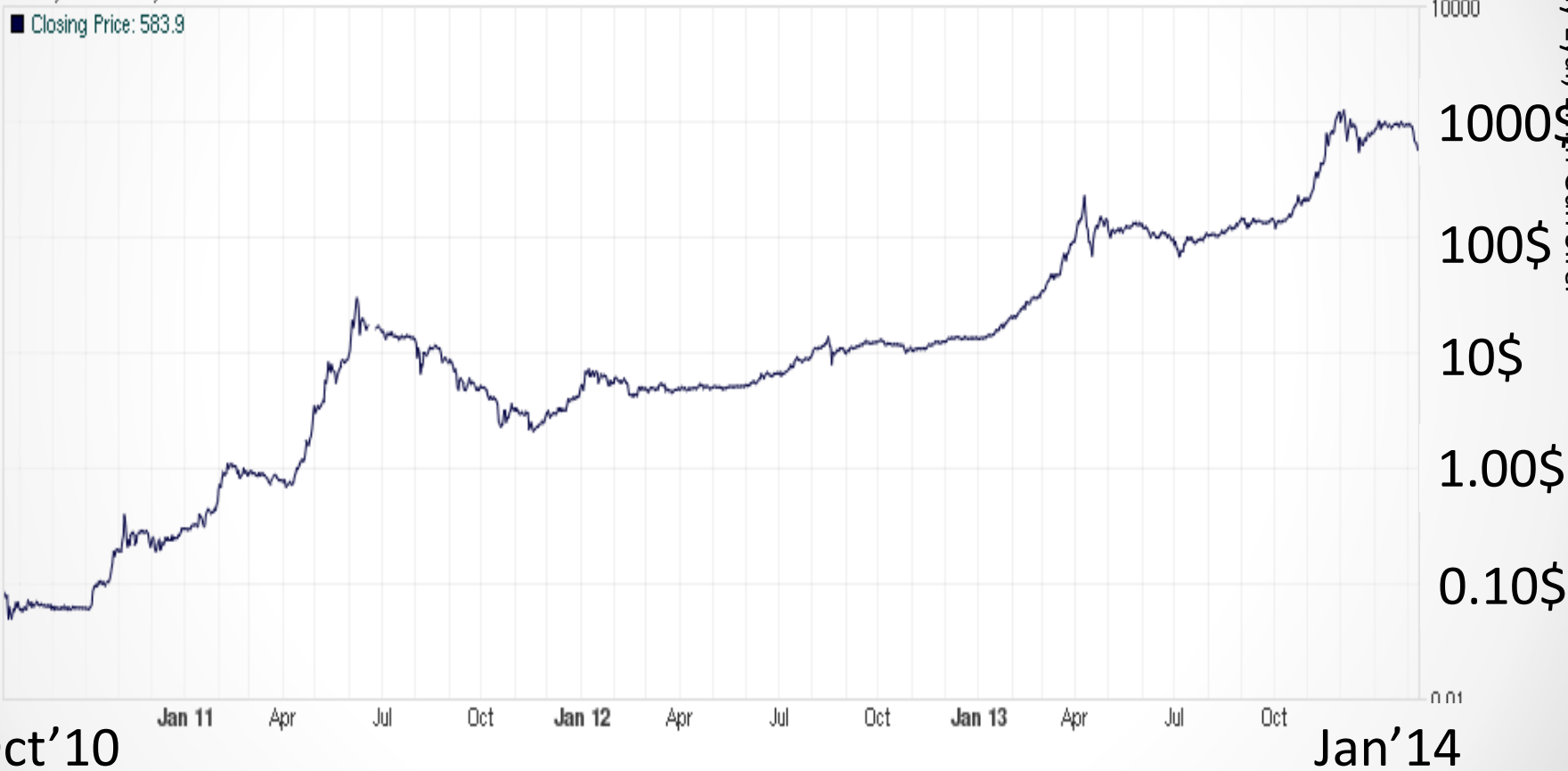
Mt. Gox USD/BTC

Mt. Gox (USD)

Feb 11, 2014 - Daily

■ Closing Price: 583.9

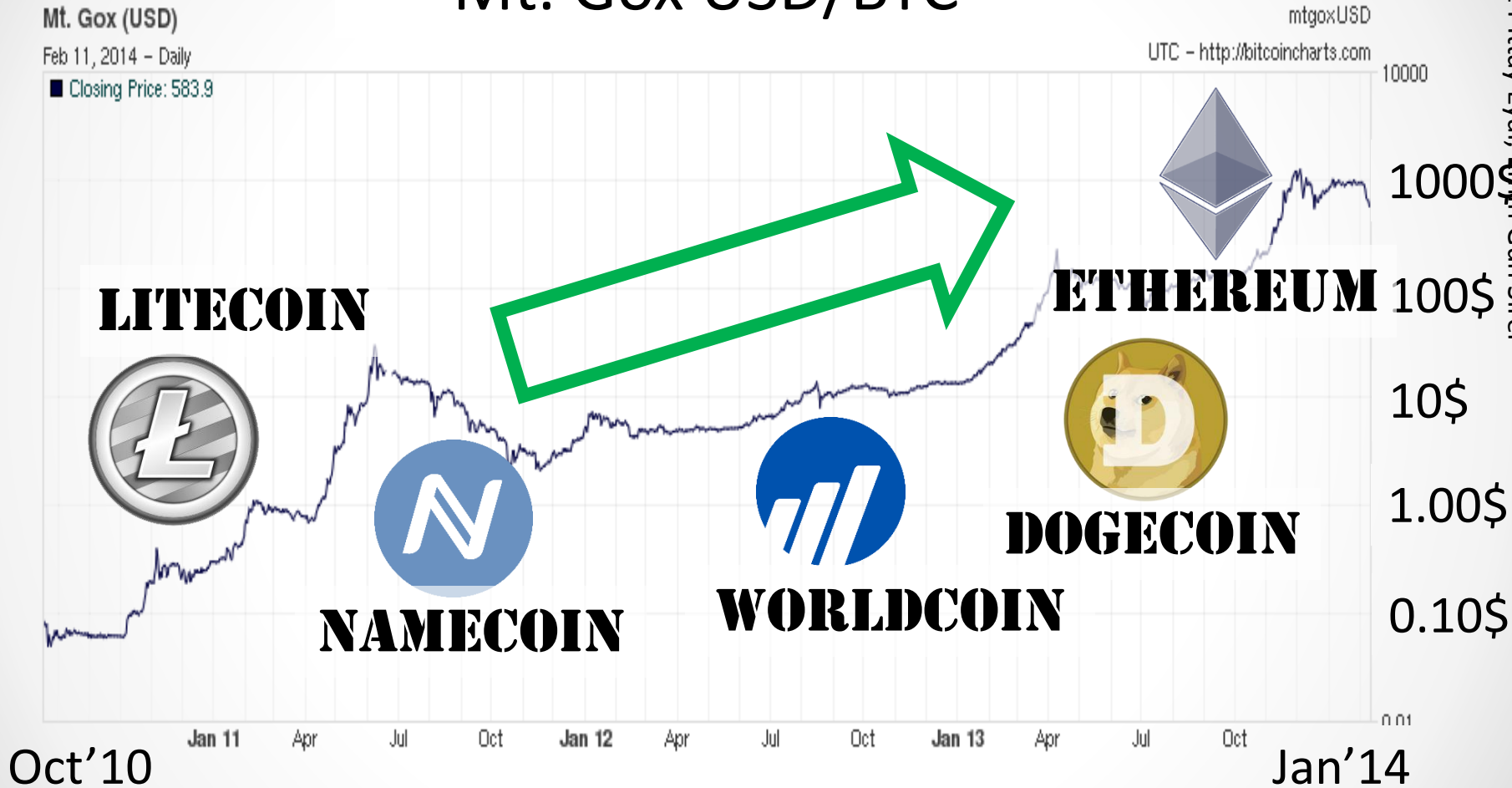
mtgoxUSD
UTC - <http://bitcoincharts.com>



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Great Success!

Mt. Gox USD/BTC



Mostly Great Success

USD/BTC (Bitstamp)



Acceptance

1 btc in usd



Web

News

Shopping

Images

Maps

More ▾

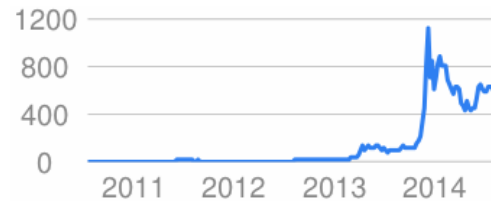
Search tools

About 43,500,000 results (0.50 seconds)

1 Bitcoin equals

467.02 US Dollar

<input type="text" value="1"/>	Bitcoin ▾
<input type="text" value="467.02"/>	US Dollar ▾



Disclaimer

472.6 USD · Preev

preev.com/ ▾

DESC=

[USD - GBP](#) - [Bitcoin to gold](#) - [Bitcoin to Euro](#)

Bitcoin Charts

bitcoincharts.com/ ▾ Bitcoin Charts ▾

So far, more than 10 **BTC** got donated, which is a lot, compared to the approx. 10 000€ donations (in German) 8 Apr 2014 Bitcoin Core version 0.9.1 released

Acceptance

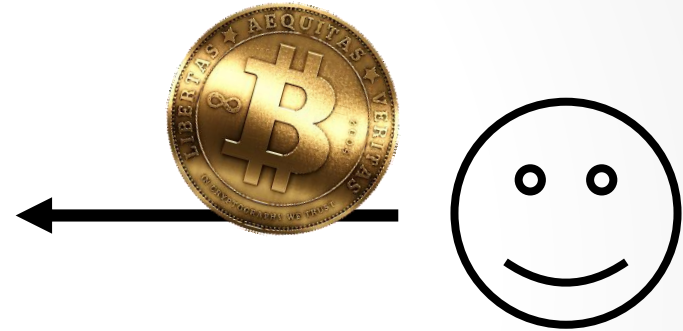
airBaltic

CheapAir.com

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DELL



Acceptance

airBaltic

CheapAir.com

overstock.com®

newegg.com®

DELL



coinbase



CIRCLE

bitpay

Acceptance

Welcome! | Silk Road

http://ianxz6zefk72ulzz.onion/index.php

Most Visited - Learn more about Tor The Tor Blog

Are you using Tor? list of TOR sites silkroad - Goo... TORDIR - Link List Welcome! | Silk Road

Silk Road
anonymous marketplace

Welcome
messages(0) | orders(0) | account(฿0) | settings | log out

- Shop by category:
- Cannabis(203)
 - Ecstasy(35)
 - Psychedelics(127)
 - Opioids(39)
 - Stimulants(68)
 - Dissociatives(9)
 - Other(197)
 - Benzos(43)



1 hit of LSD (blotter)
฿0.58



1/8 oz high quality cannabis
฿2.05



1 g pure MDMA (white)
฿1.28



recent feedback:

seller	rating	feedback
1UP of Canada(97)	4 of 5	amazing weed. the flattened, which I
CaliforniaSunrise	5 of 5	Fast shipping. Nice
Rook	5 of 5	all good! thanks so
illy	5 of 5	Very friendly. Fast
somatik	5 of 5	Order arrived quick
gamely54	5 of 5	No issue at all, I o
mellowyellow	5 of 5	Item arrived quick
dirtysouf(100)	5 of 5	looks good




THIS HIDDEN SITE HAS BEEN SEIZED

by the Federal Bureau of Investigation,
in conjunction with the IRS Criminal Investigation Division,
ICE Homeland Security Investigations, and the Drug Enforcement Administration,
in accordance with a seizure warrant obtained by the
United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York
and issued pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 983(j) by the
United States District Court for the Southern District of New York





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Many Players

- Farmers
- Payment services
- Investors
- Start-ups
- Venture Capital
- Miners
- Developers
- Researchers



Roadmap

- Protocol
- Security
- Research
- Non-technical



Bitcoin: Concepts, Practice, and Research Directions

Part I **Protocol**

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Part 1 – Protocol

- Overview
- The Blockchain
- Block propagation
- Mining
- Transactions

Protocol Overview

Key Issues



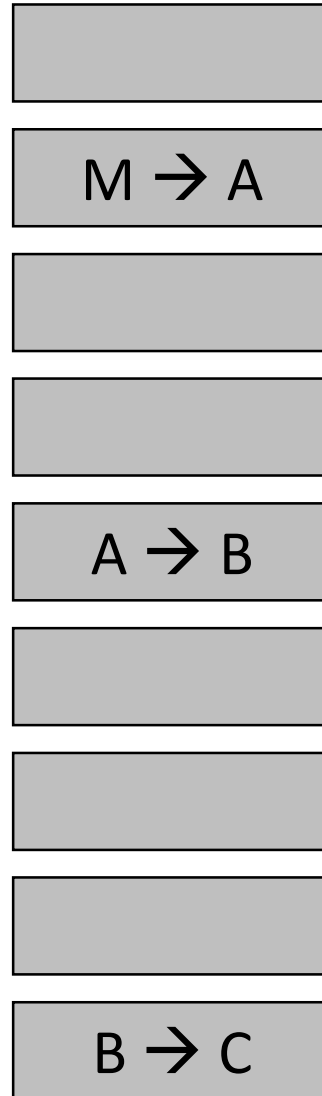
1. Stealing

2. Double-spending

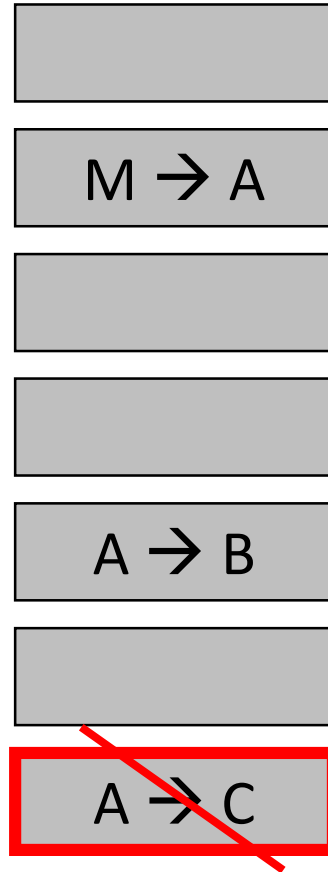


Not a local solution

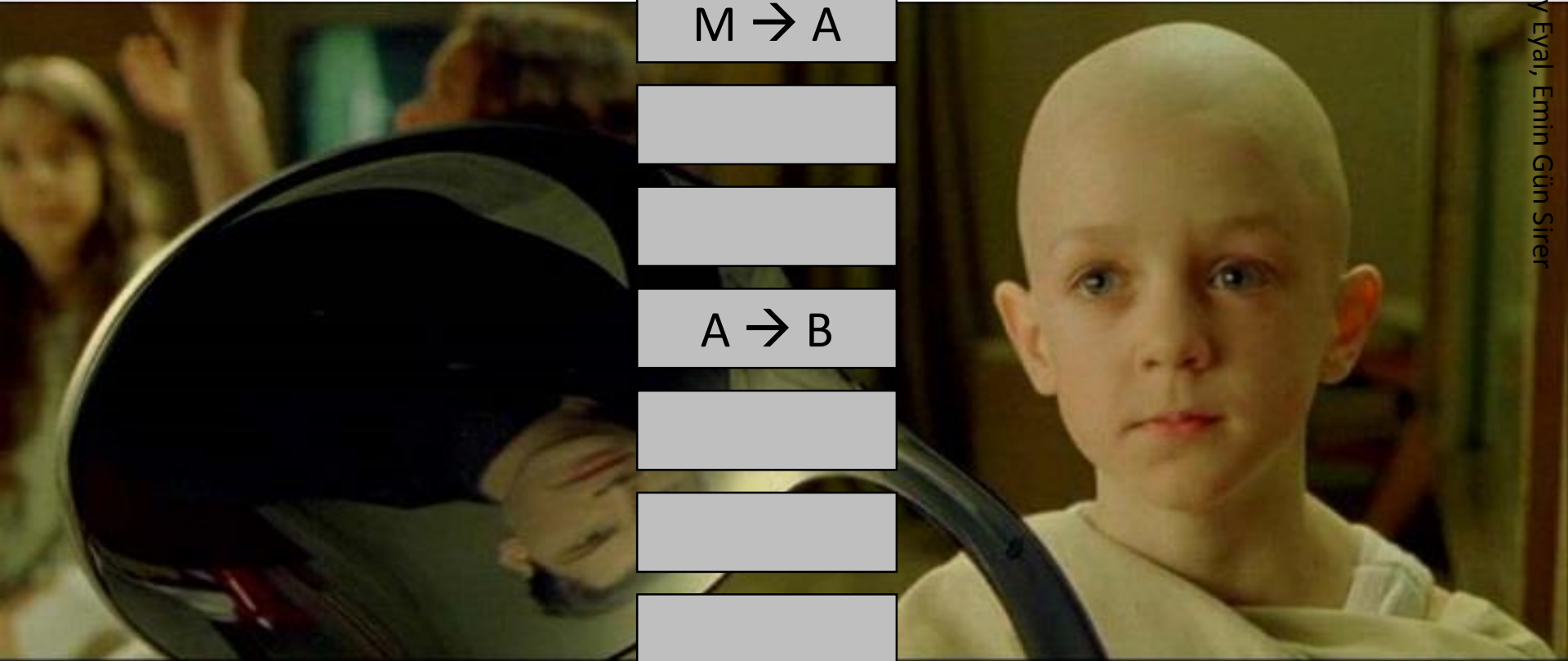
Global Ledger



Global Ledger



Global Ledger

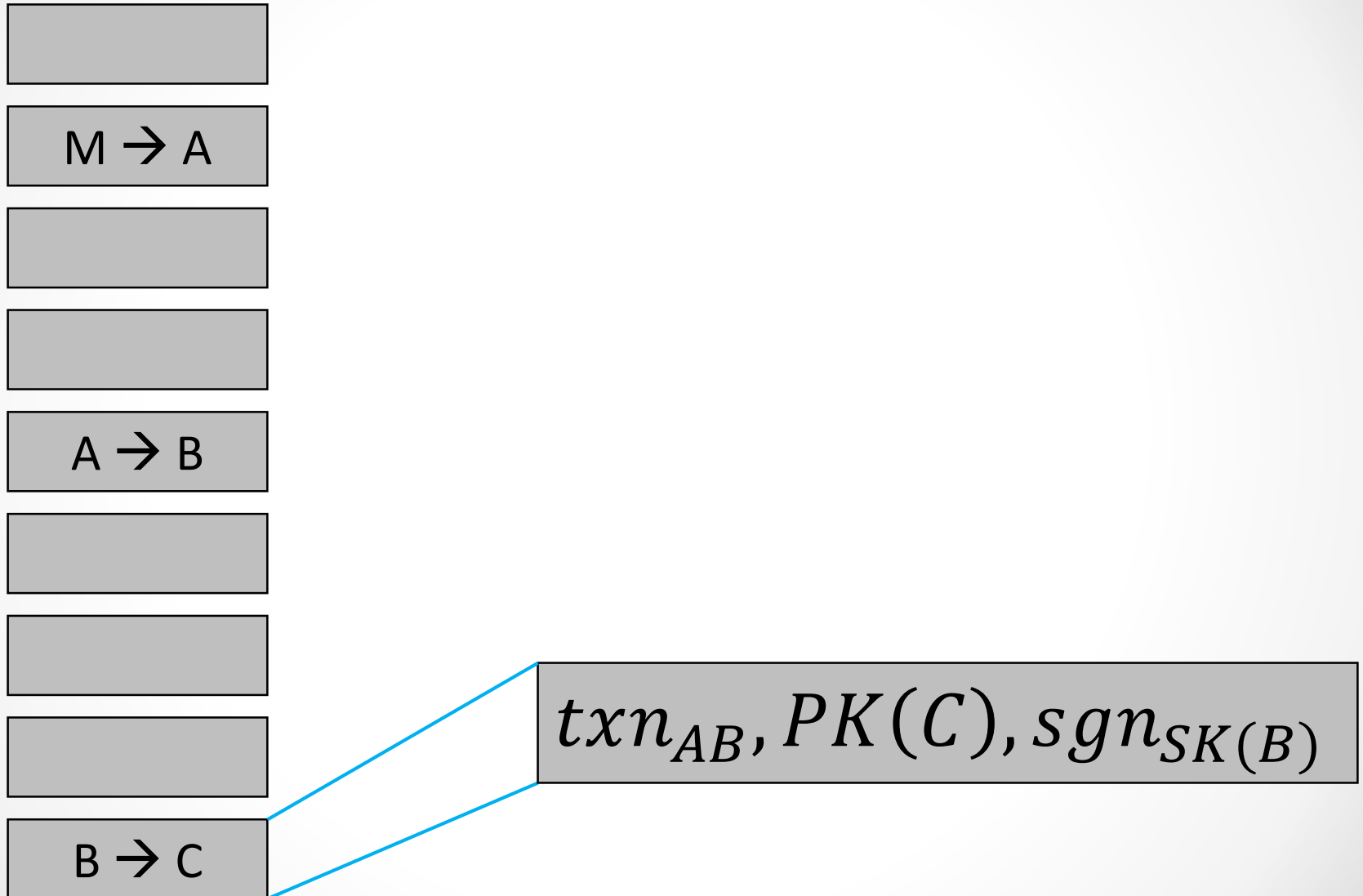


M → A

A → B

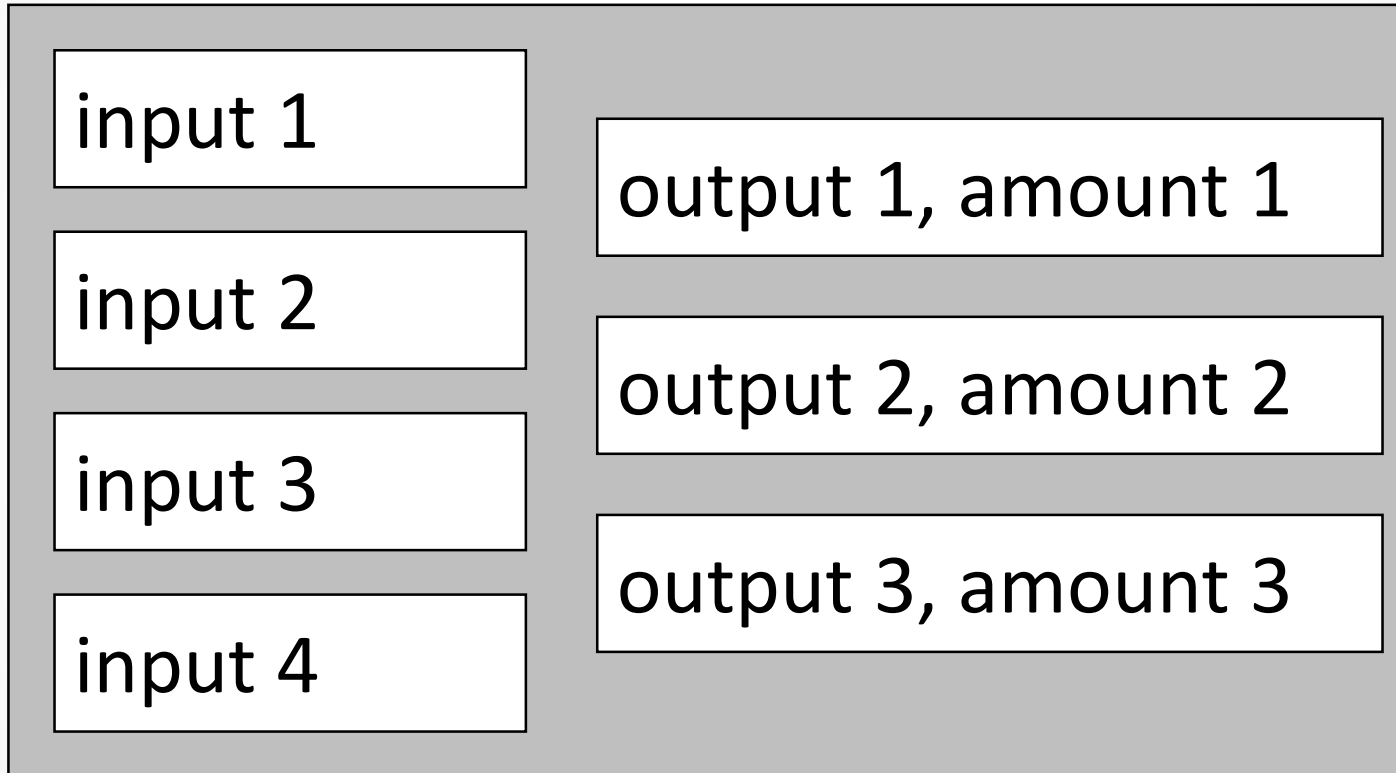
B → C

Addresses and Transactions



Addresses and Transactions

Transaction structure (roughly):



Inputs are fully spent.

Goal



1. No stealing
2. No double-spending



The Blockchain

Global Ledger

Global Ledger of all transactions

Requirements

1. No central control
2. High availability, security
3. Impossible to manipulate
4. Distributed minting

Global Ledger

Sounds like my bank!

Global Ledger of all transactions

Requirements

1. No central control
2. High availability, security
3. Impossible to manipulate
4. Distributed minting

Doesn't sound like my bank.

Global Ledger

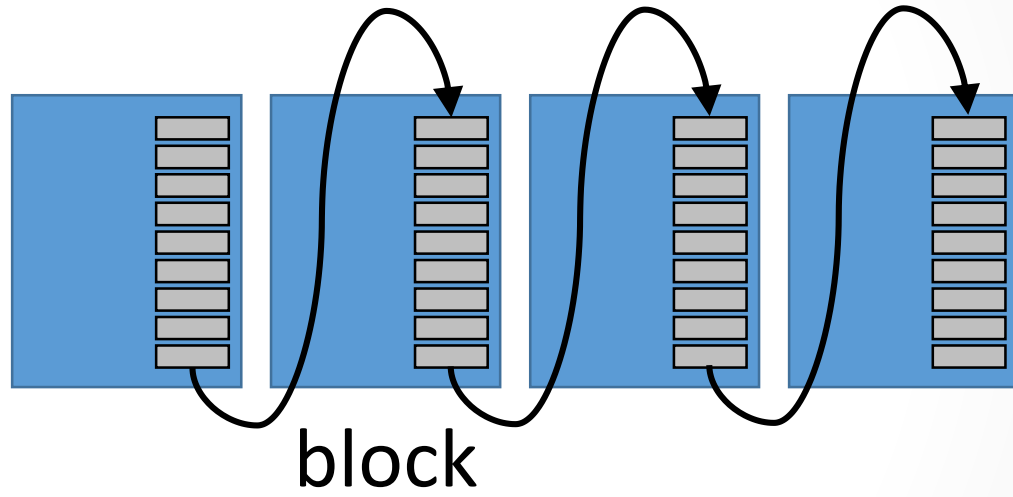
- Distributed system
- Open
- Consensus (not exactly)
- Byzantine model

The Blockchain

Ledger



Blockchain

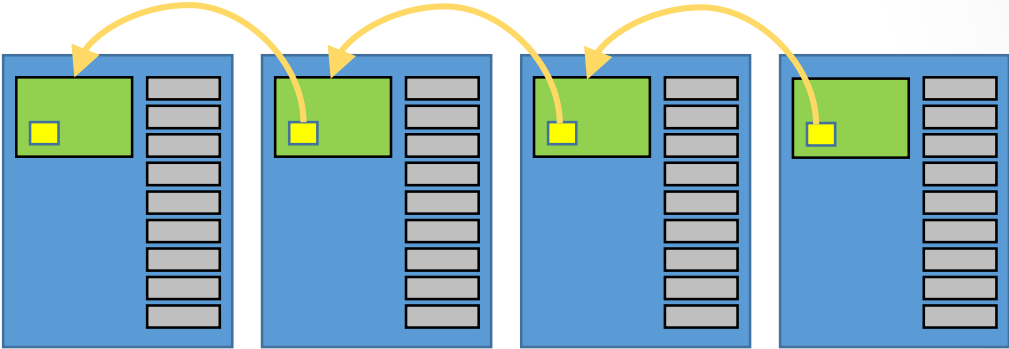


The Blockchain

Ledger



Blockchain



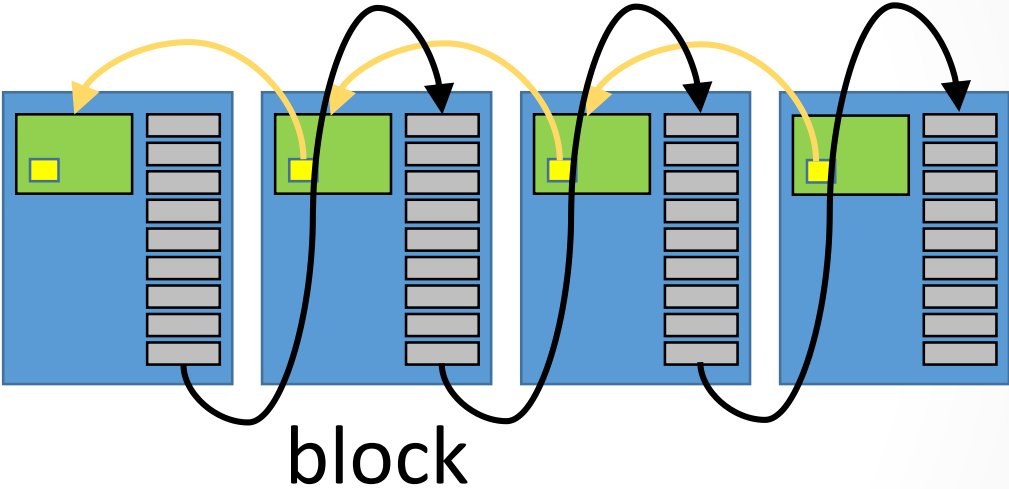
block

The Blockchain

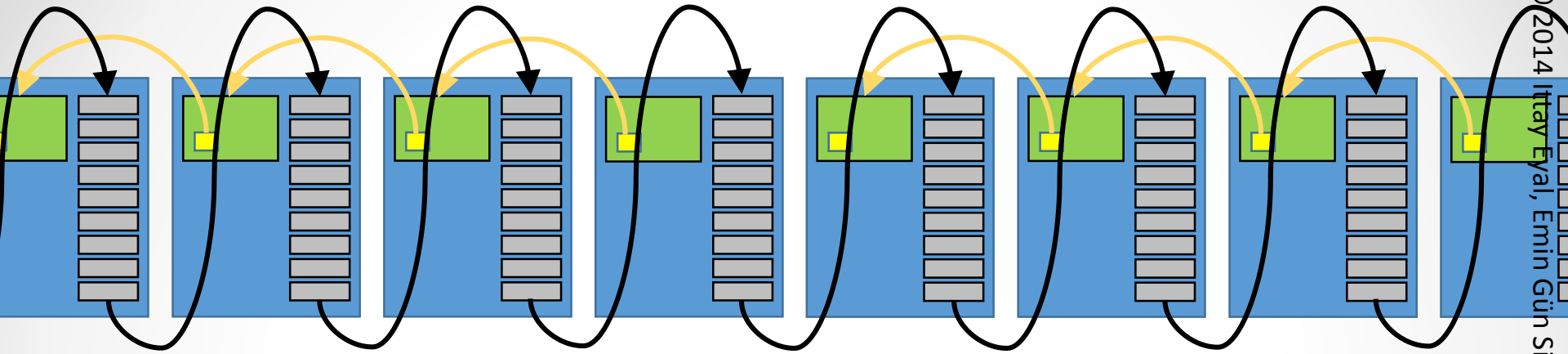
Ledger



Blockchain

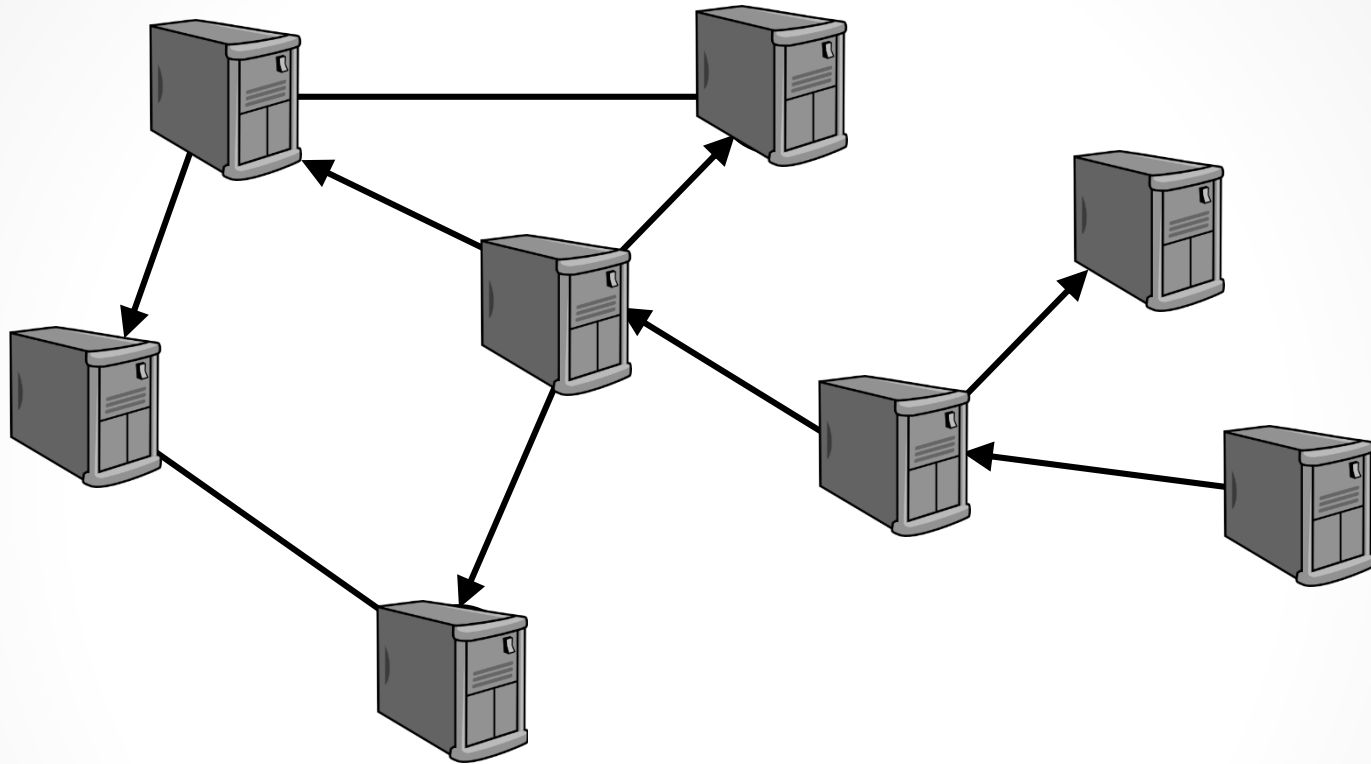


The Blockchain

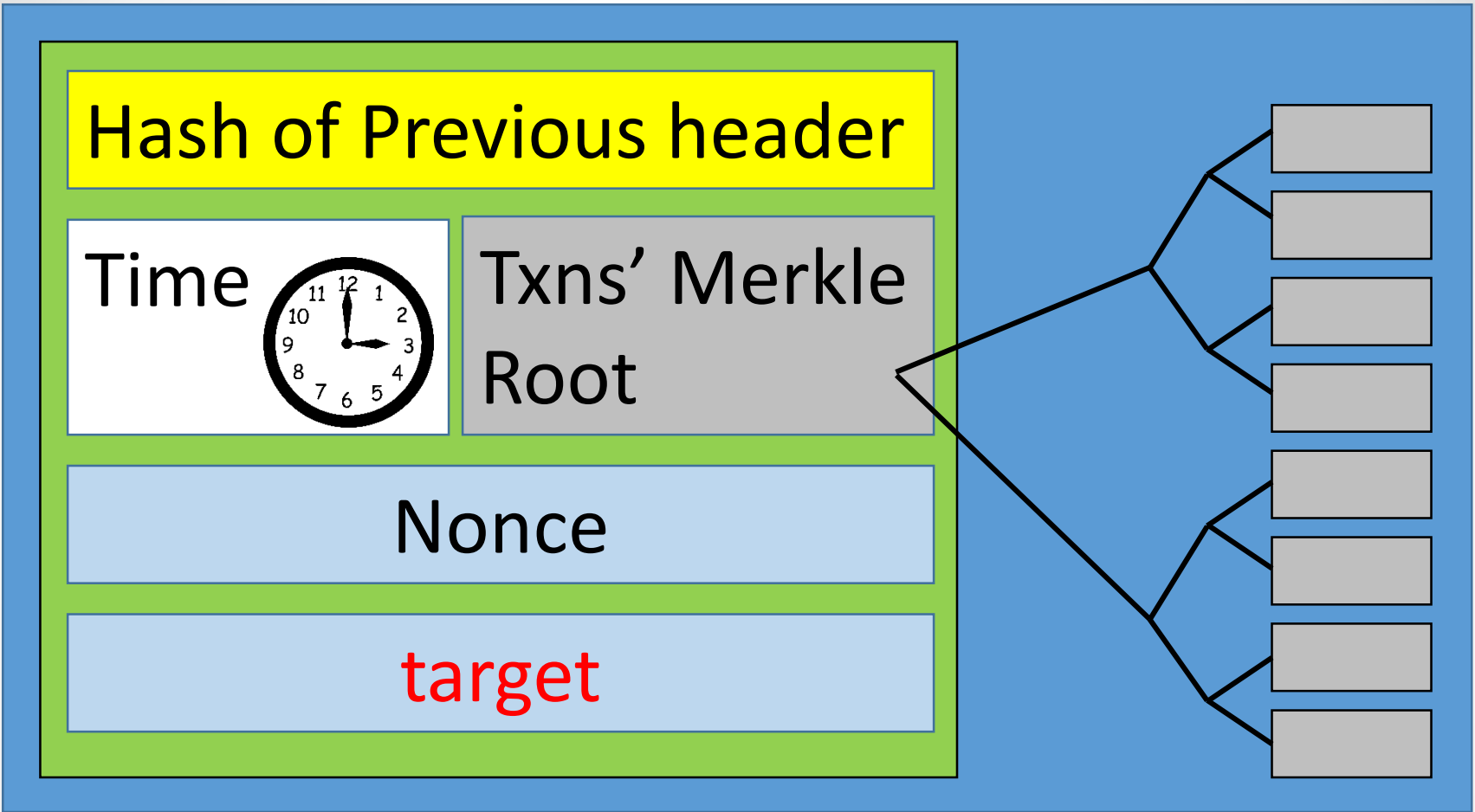


- **Clients** issue unforgeable transactions.
- **Miners** collate transactions and ...
- add them to blockchain by solving **cryptopuzzles**,
- for which they receive a reward (**minted coins**).

Transaction and Block Propagation



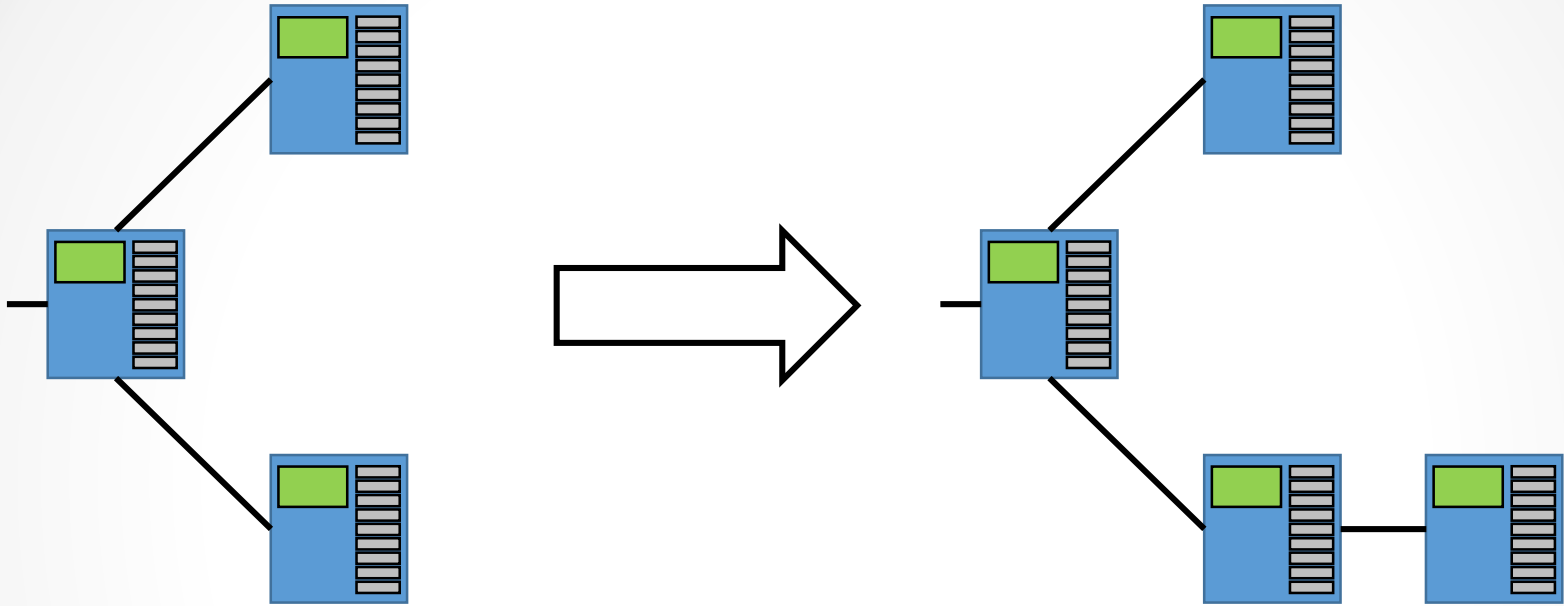
- Nodes propagate legal transactions and blocks.
- Blocks are difficult to create



Auto-adjusting difficulty cryptopuzzle:

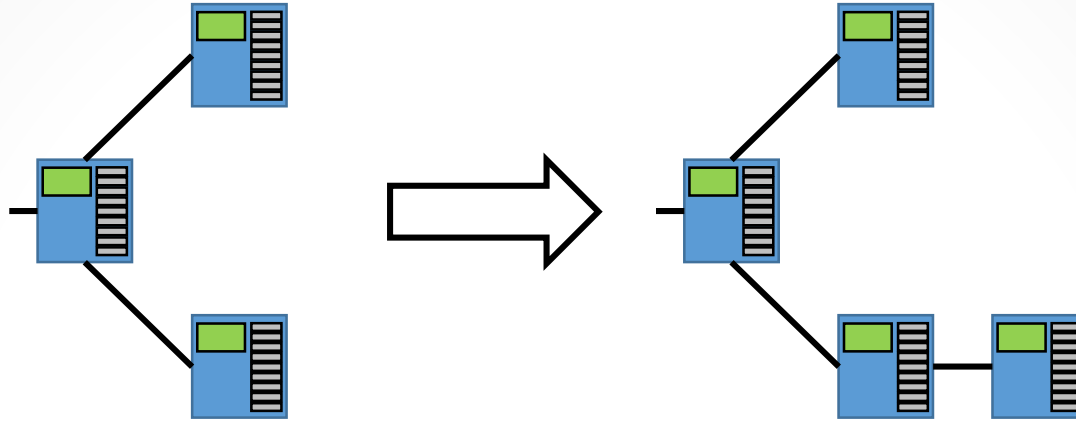
$$\text{SHA256}(\text{SHA256}(\text{block-header})) < \text{target}$$

Forks



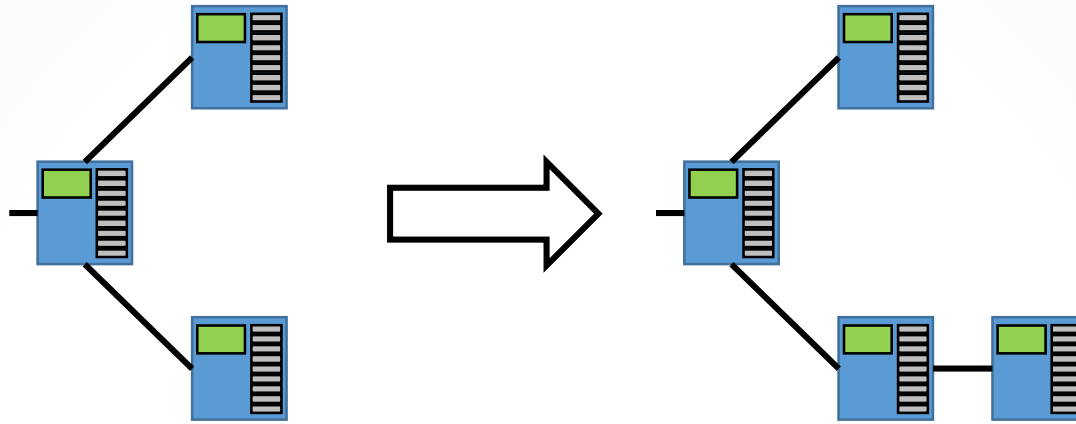
- Longest chain of blocks
 - Tiebreaker: earliest
- A weak form of consensus

Fork Resolution



- Requirement: **compute majority is honest**
- **Hardest** chain of blocks (aggregate difficulty)
 - Or the one you heard of first.

Fork Resolution



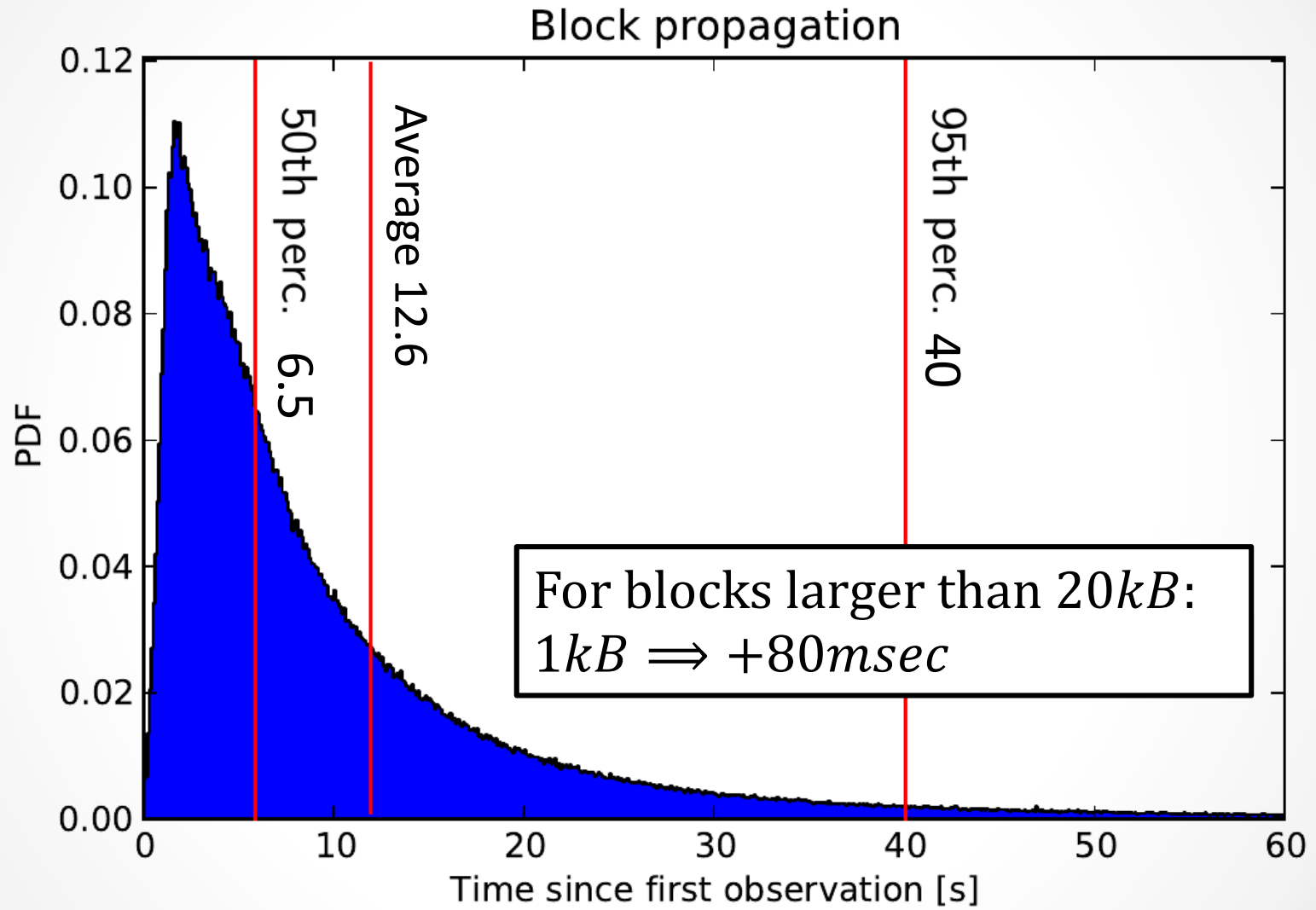
- Requirement: **compute majority is honest**
- **Hardest** chain of blocks (aggregate difficulty)
 - Or the one you heard of first.

Dishonest majority controls blockchain

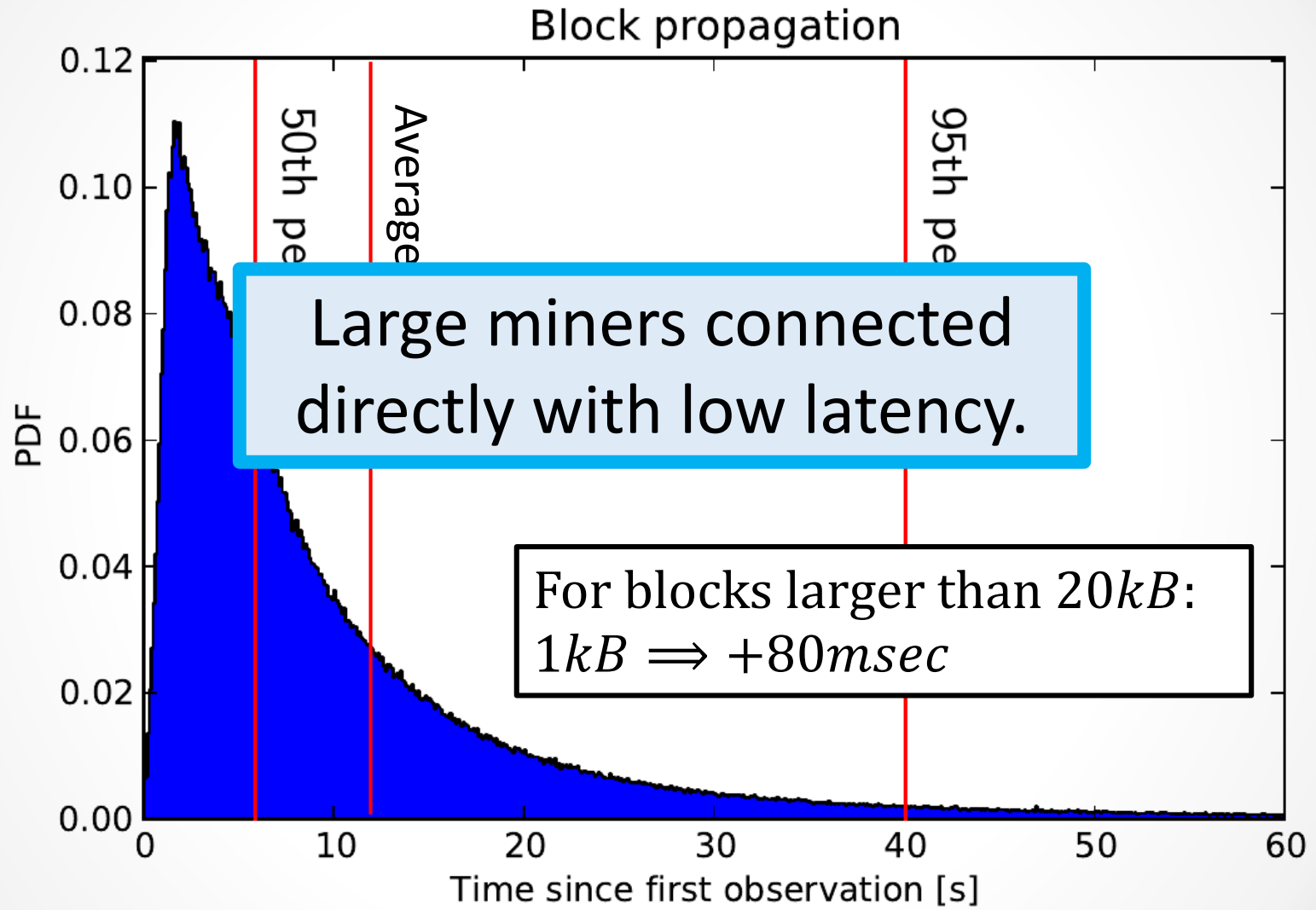
(More on that later)

Block Propagation

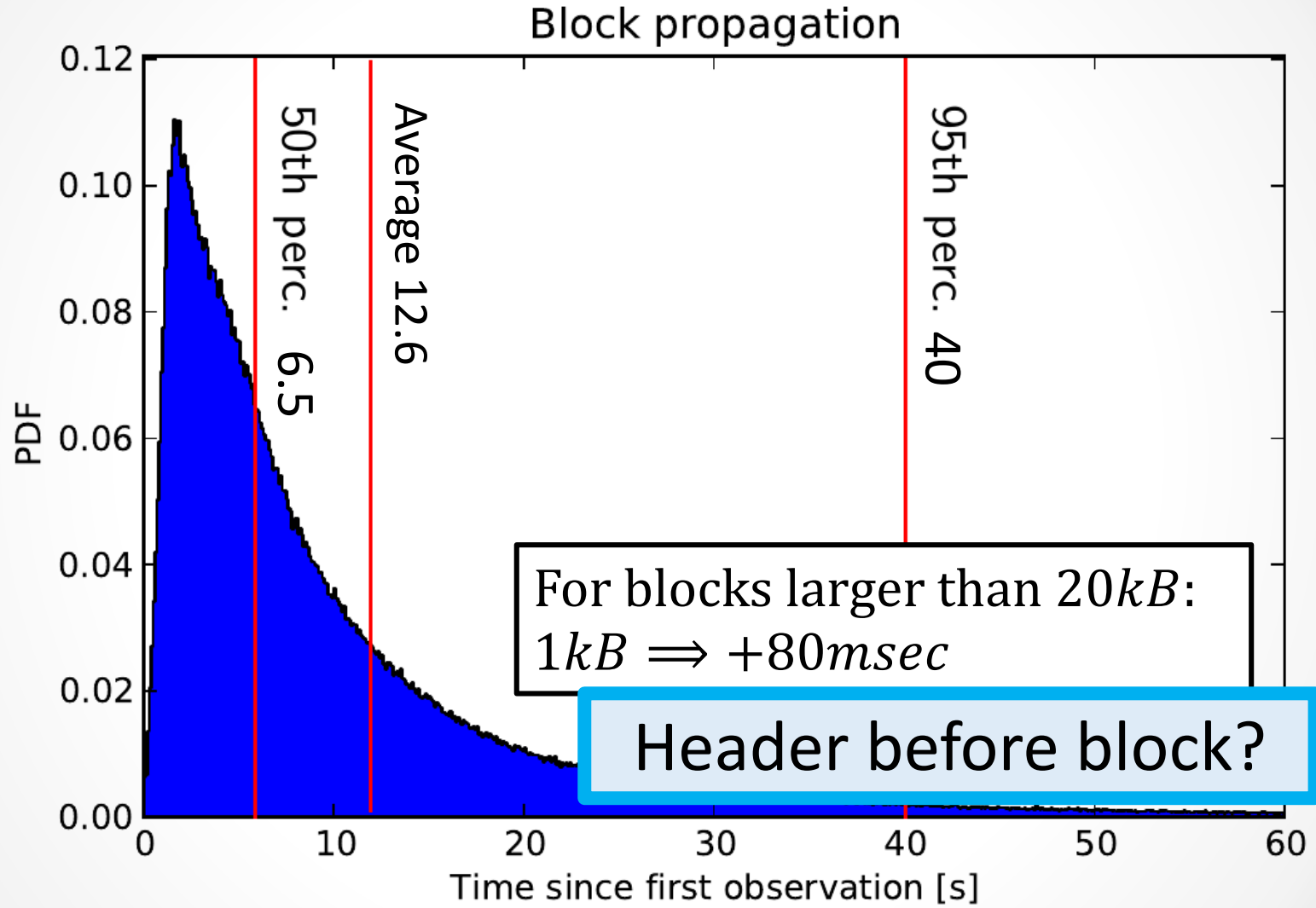
Block Propagation



Block Propagation



Block Propagation



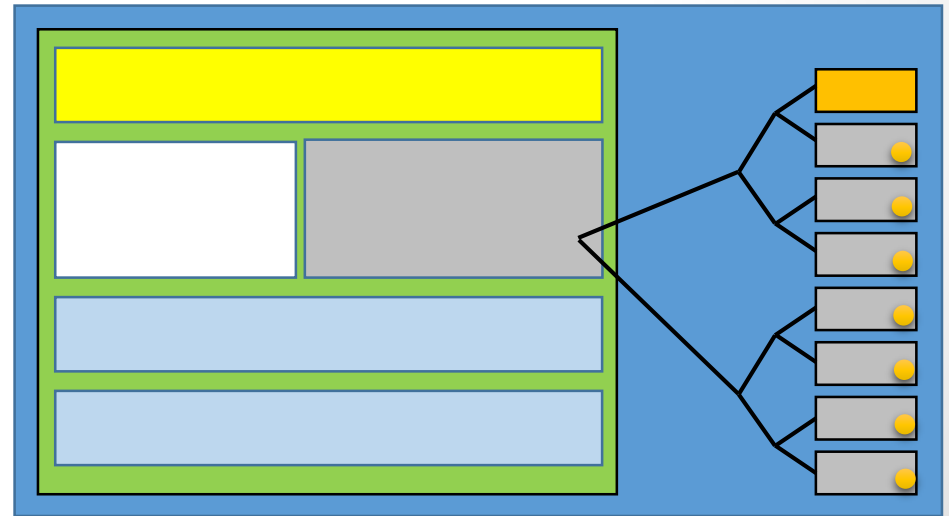
Mining

Motivation?

- Prize:
 - **Mining**: Newly minted coins (today 25 \mathbb{B} , total 21 million at 2140)
 - Transaction fees (up to $\sim 10^{-4}$ \mathbb{B} /1KB).

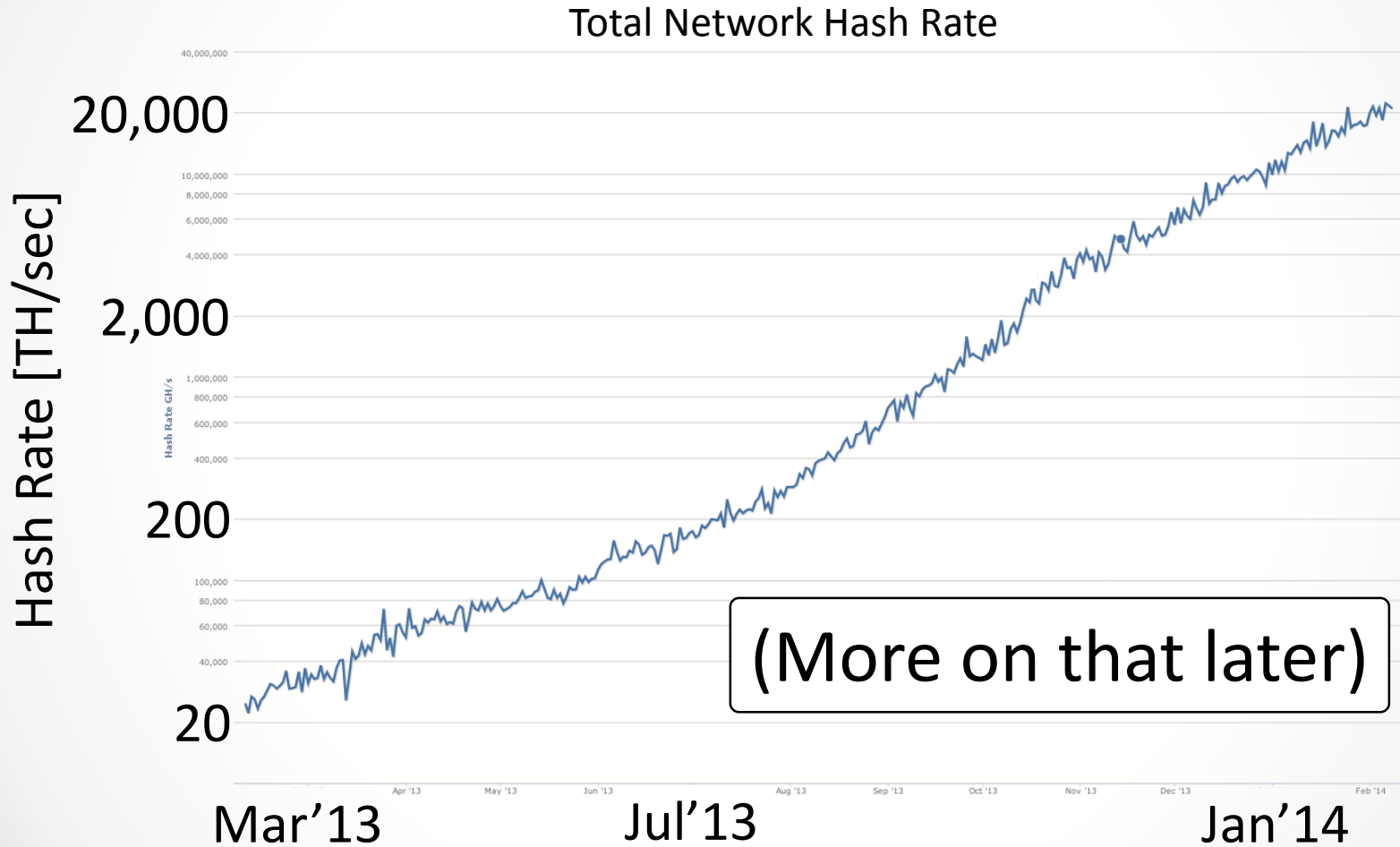
How?

- **Coinbase** transaction
- Transactions **fees**



Mining

Difficulty rise:



Mining

Difficulty rise

Forbes

Nov. 2013

TECH 11/28/2013 @ 6:00PM | 22,703 views
Global Bitcoin Computing Power Now 256 Times Faster Than Top 500 Supercomputers, Combined!

10 comments, 3 called-out
+ Comment Now + Follow Comments
I admit, like a lot of others, I've found myself with a bit of [a bitcoin obsession lately](#). I find the vast amount of effort it takes to create something that doesn't actually exist, completely fascinating. So I decided to find out how much computing power is exerted in the effort to mine and run the global bitcoin network.

20 Back in May, the bitcoin network hashrate estimate on [bitcoinwatch.com](#) passed 1 exaFLOPS (1,000 petaFLOPS) – over 8 times the combined speed of the top 500 supercomputers. Today the aggregate bitcoin FLOPS measurement stands at 64 exaFLOPS (64,000 petaFLOPS). To contrast that number, this month the [top 500 supercomputers](#) combined clocked in at 0.250 exaFLOPS (250 petaFLOPS).

Mar'13

Jan'14



The bitcoin logo (Photo credit: ...)

Hash Rate [TH/sec]

20,000

10,000,000

8,000,000

6,000,000

4,000,000

2,000

Hash Rate GH/s

1,000,000

800,000

600,000

400,000

20

Feb '14

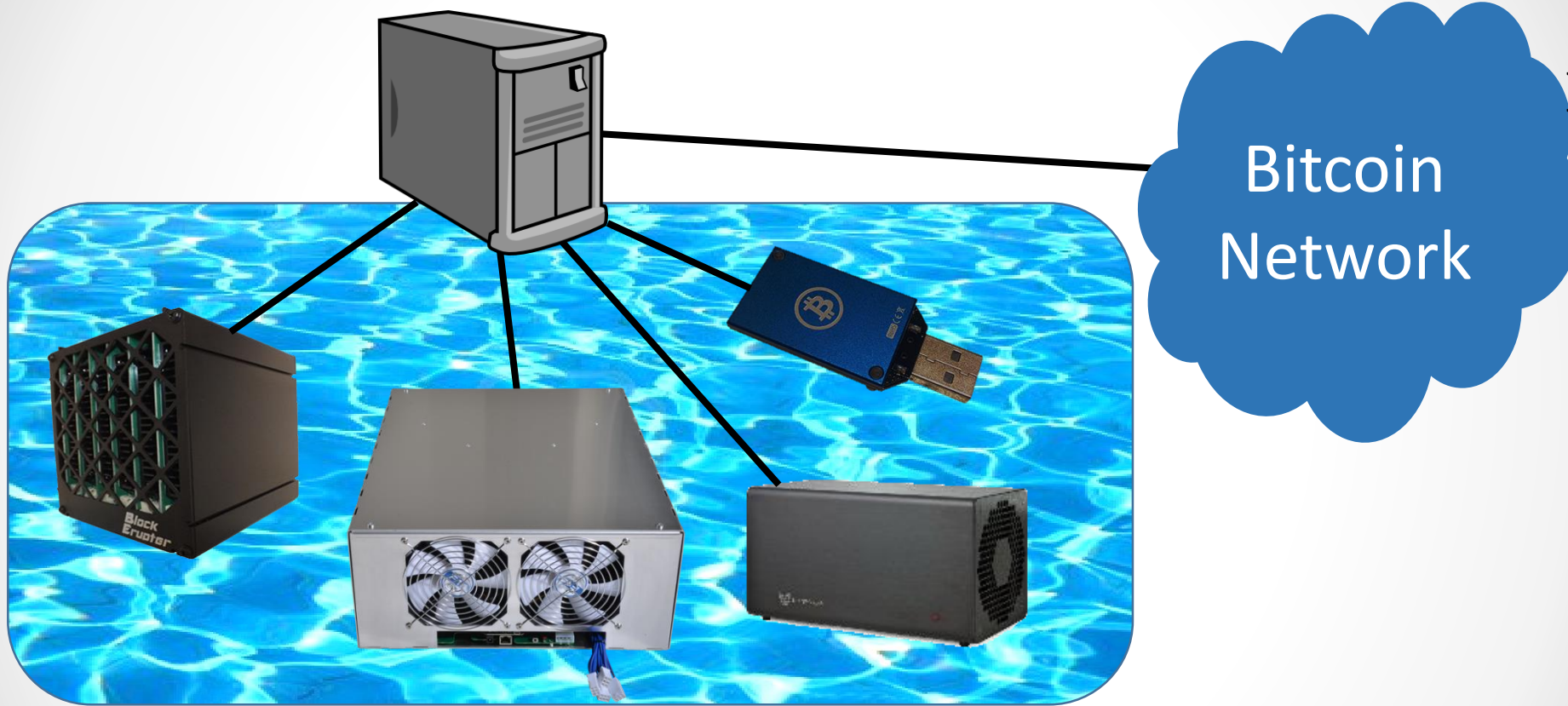
Mining Pools

Example:
(700 USD/BTC)



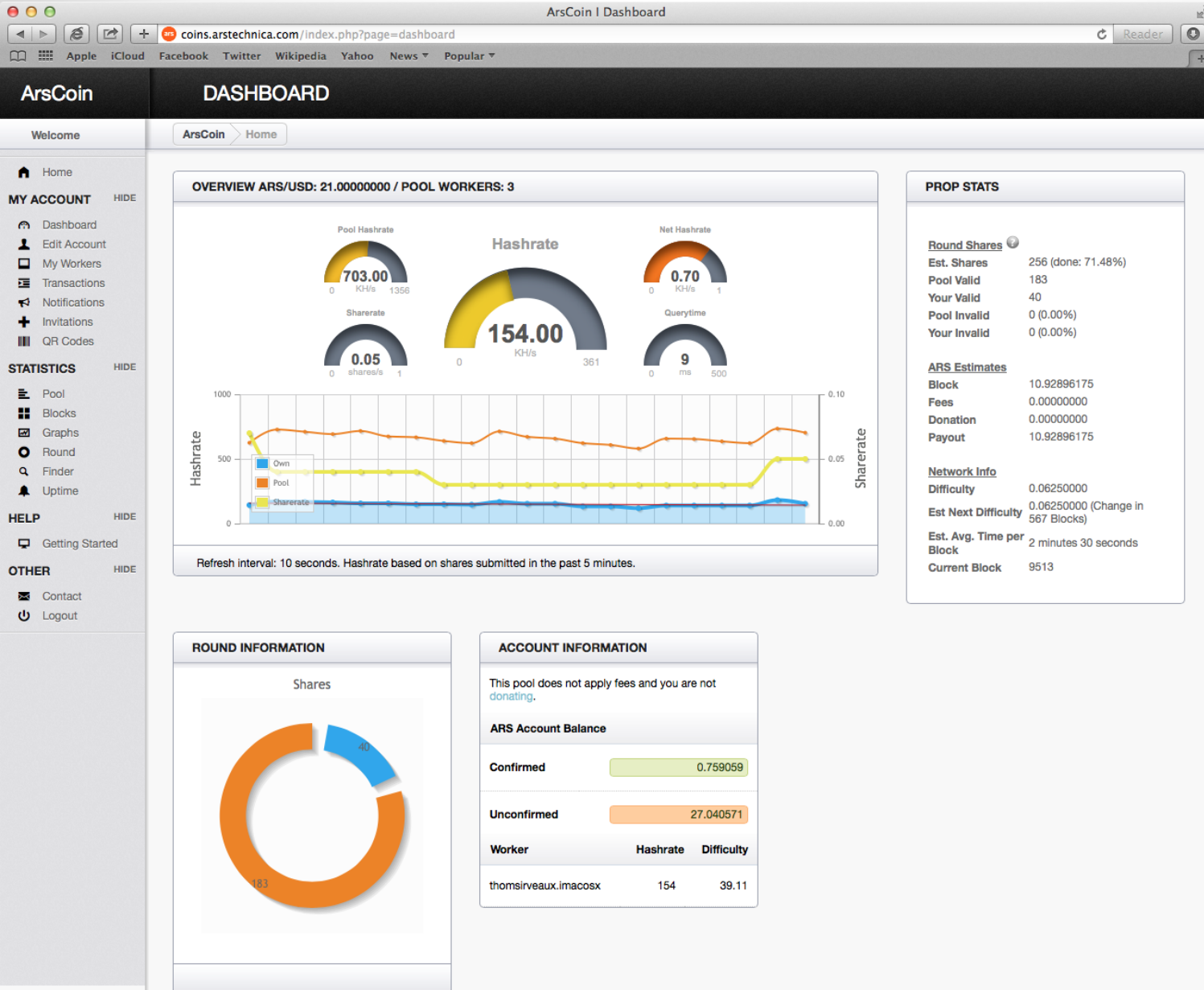
- **Avg revenue:** 6.71\$ / day
- **HW break even:** ~1.5 years (w/ free power)
- **Time to block:** **over 7 years**

Mining Pools

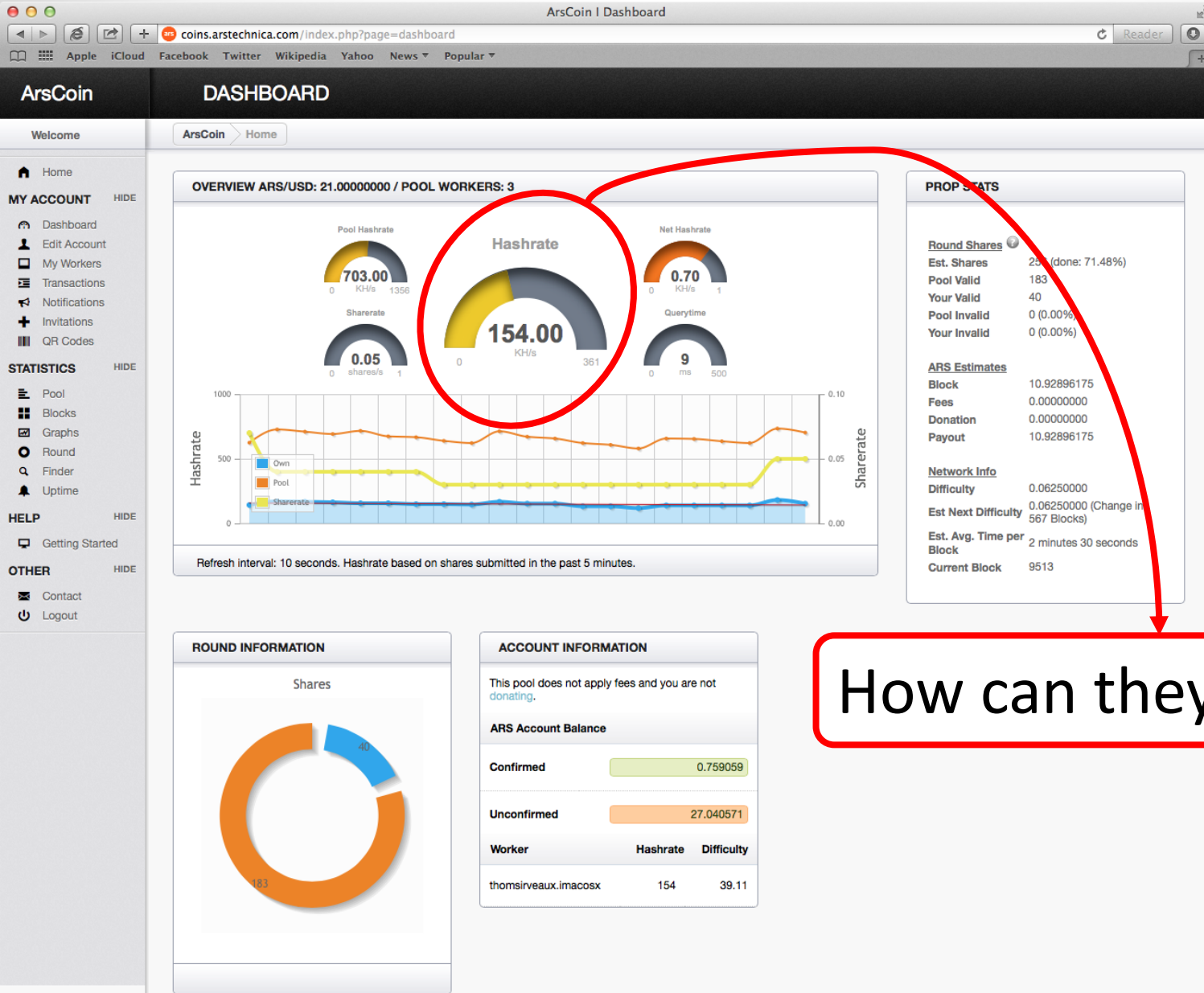


- Pool with power α gets α of blocks
- Each miner makes the average (- pool fee)

Mining Pools

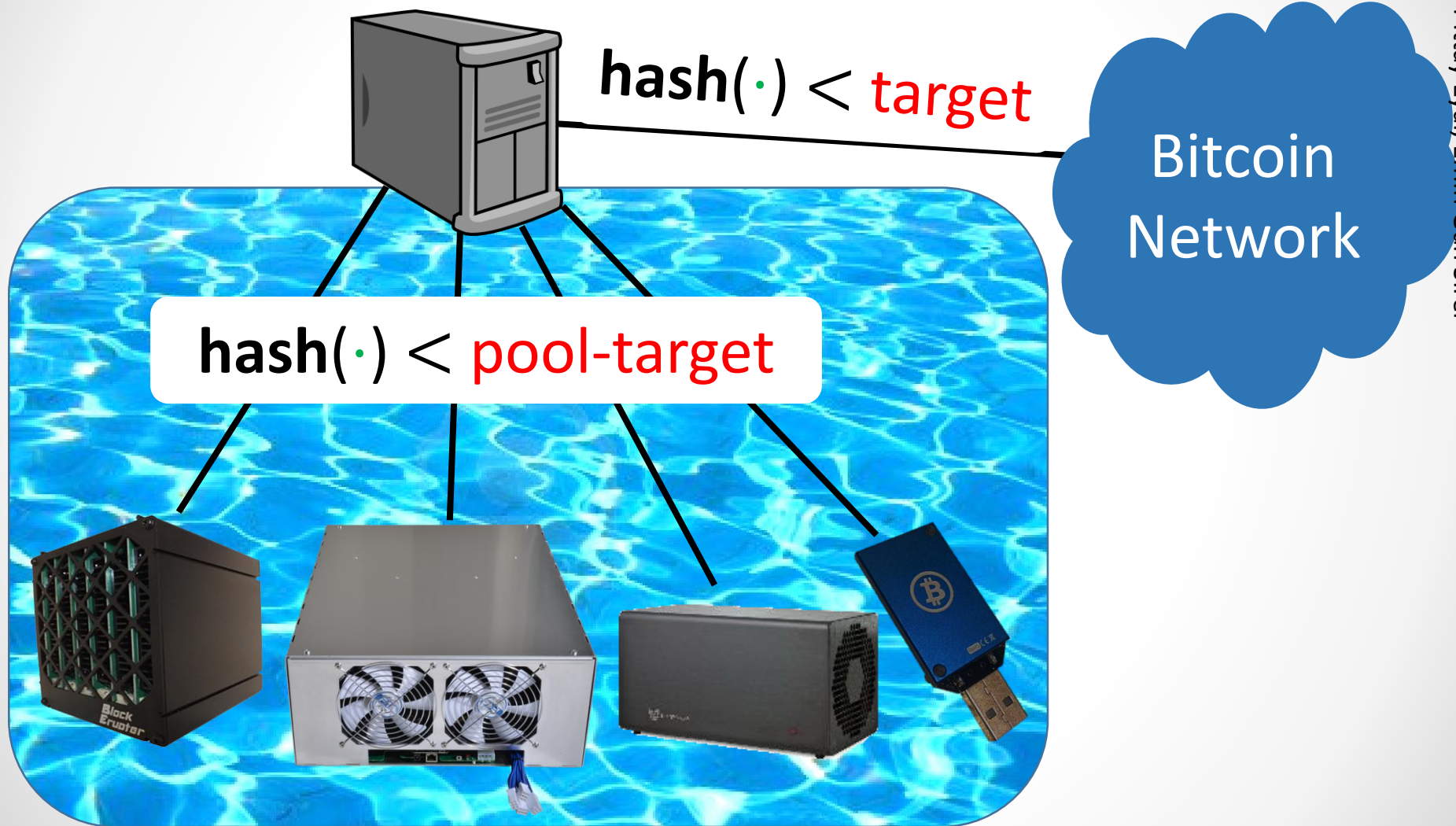


Mining Pools

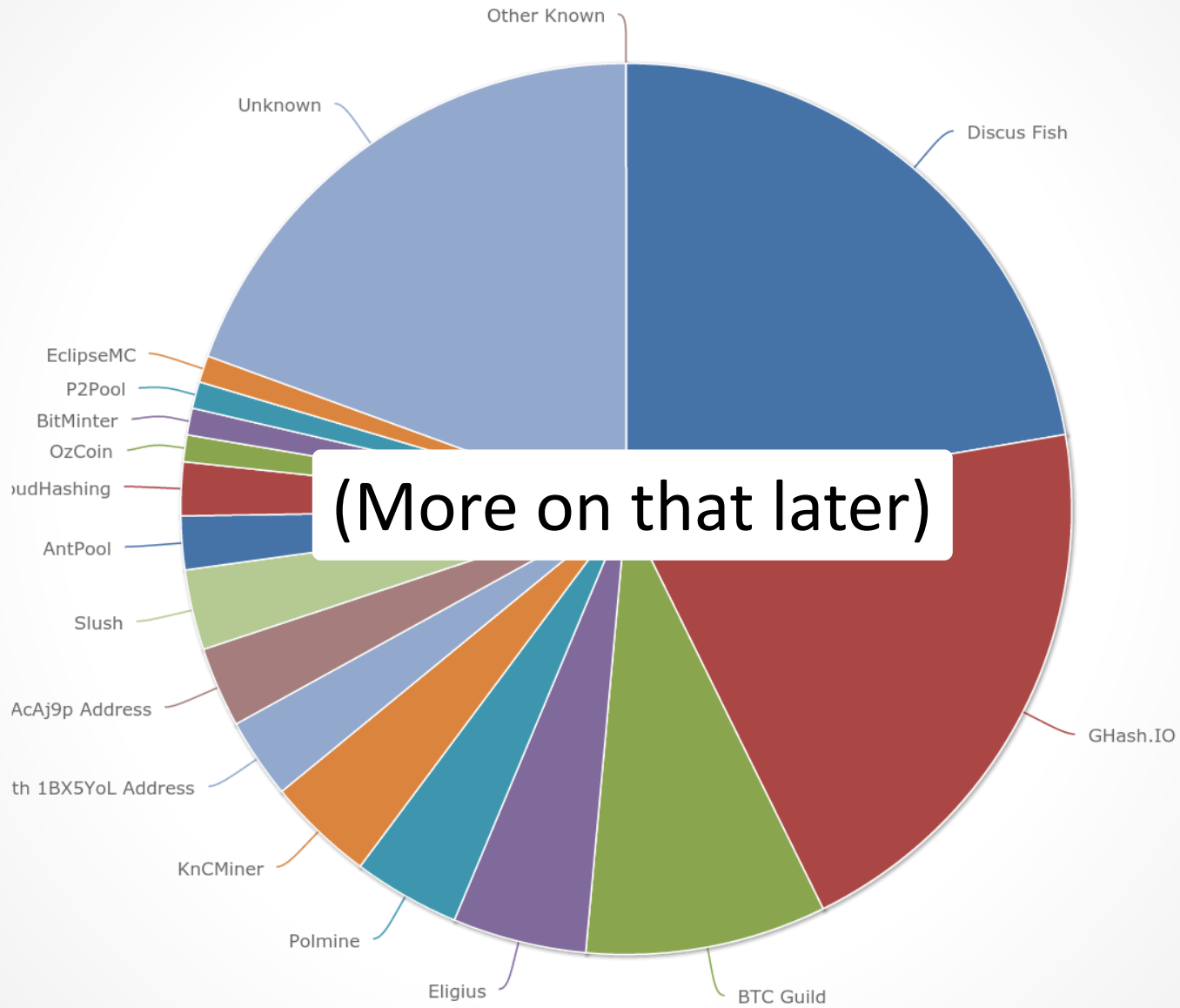


How can they tell?

Mining Pools



Mining Pools



(More on that later)

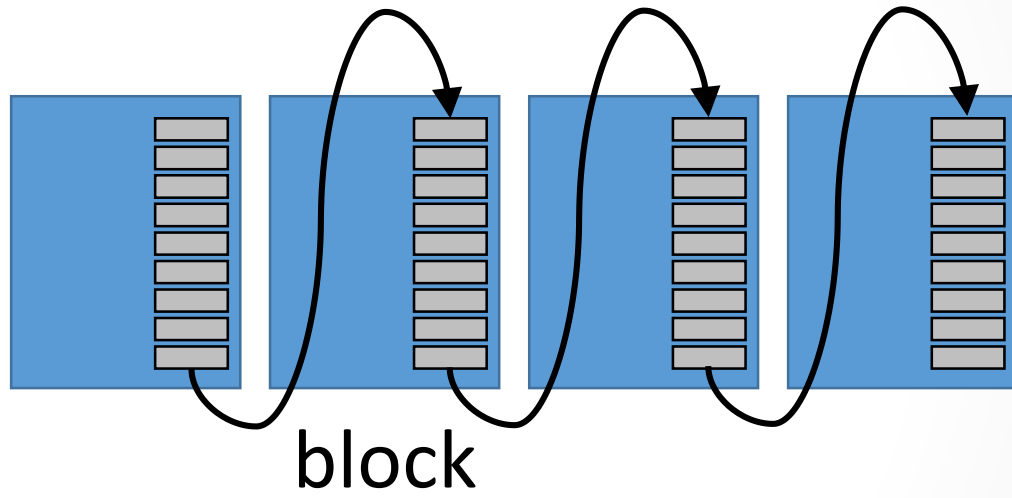
Transactions

Transactions

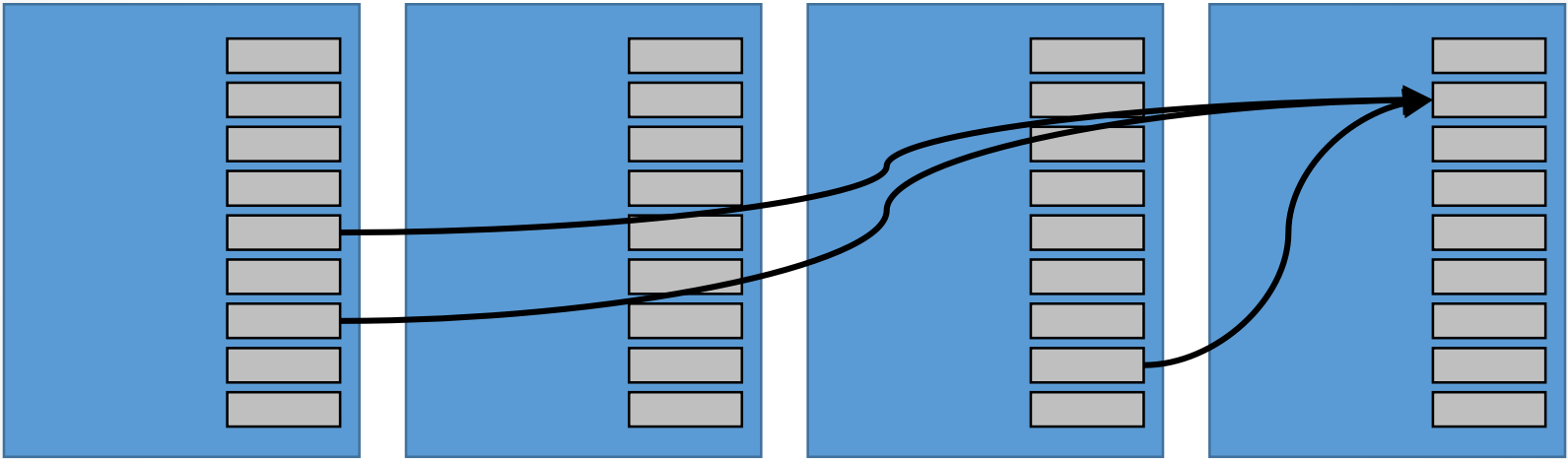
Ledger



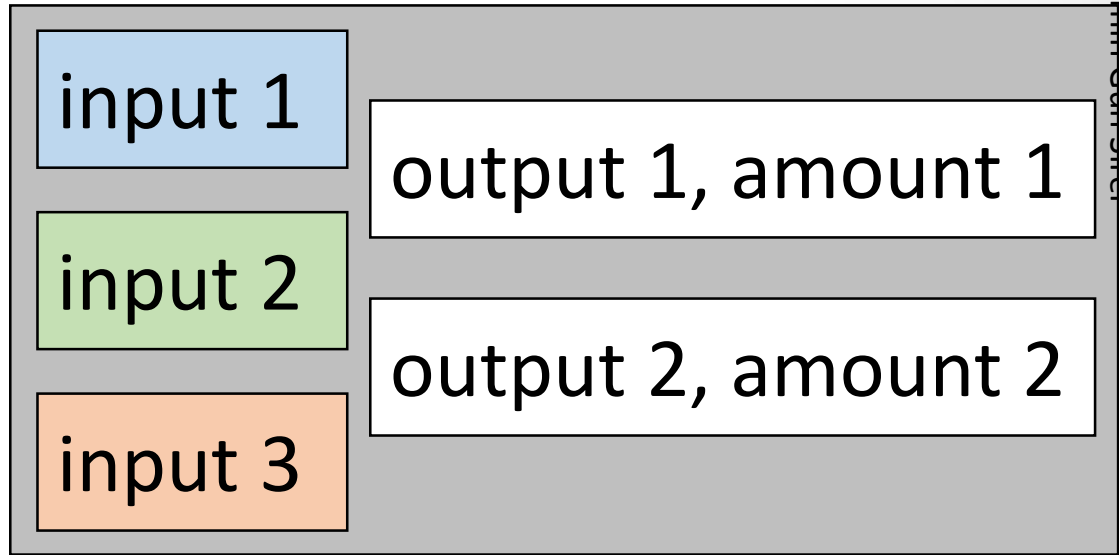
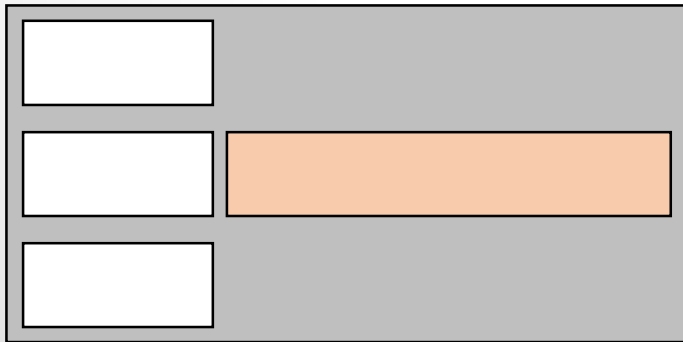
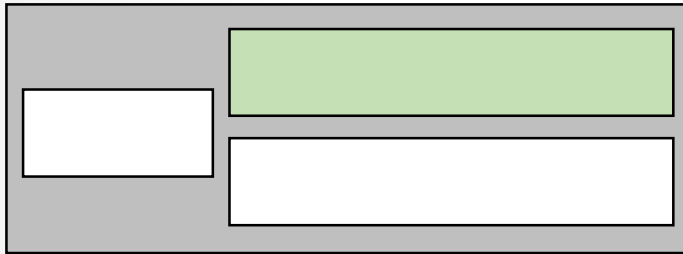
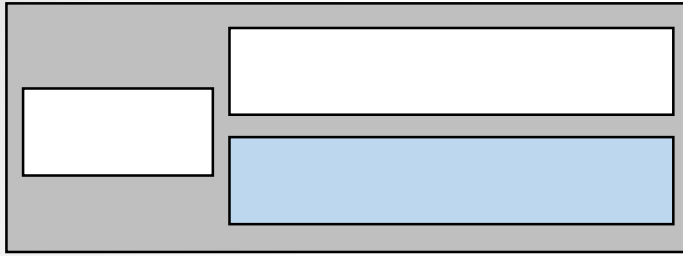
Blockchain



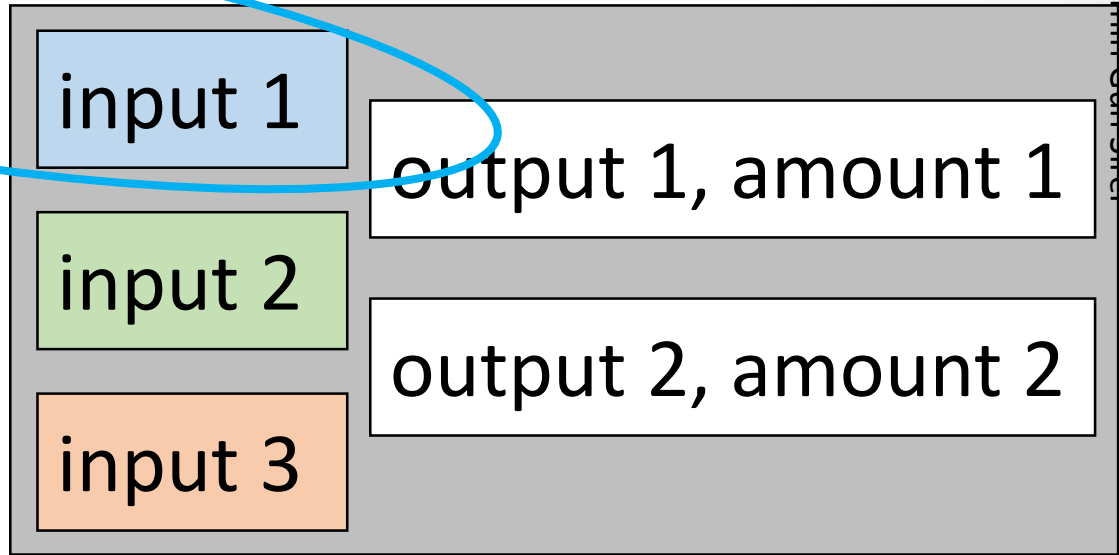
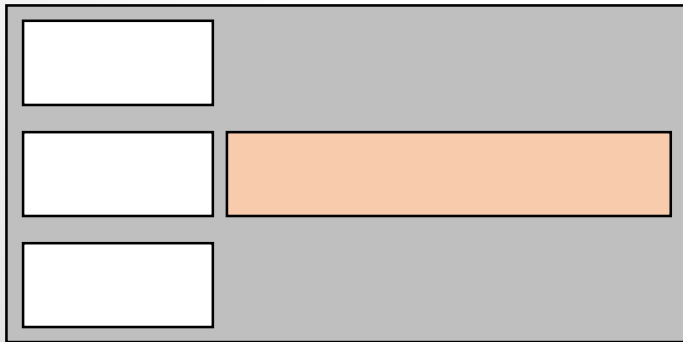
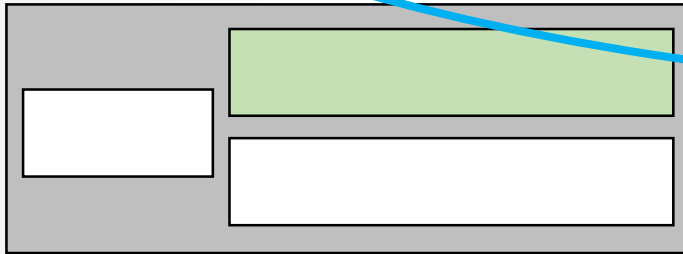
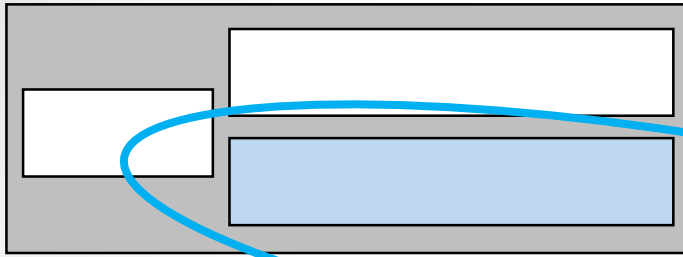
Transactions



Transactions



Transactions



Pay-to-PubkeyHash

output: scriptPubKey

Input: scriptSig

Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

output: scriptPubKey

Input: scriptSig

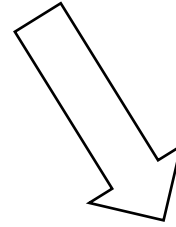
Address is the **public key hash**.

Owner **signs** with matching **private key**.

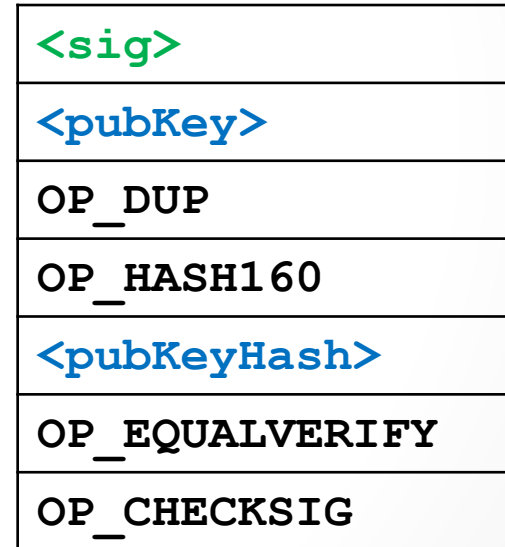
Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack



Verification
script



Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack

<sig>

Verification script

<pubKey>
OP_DUP
OP_HASH160
<pubKeyHash>
OP_EQUALVERIFY
OP_CHECKSIG

Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack

<pubKey>
<sig>

Verification script

OP_DUP
OP_HASH160
<pubKeyHash>
OP_EQUALVERIFY
OP_CHECKSIG

Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack

<pubKey>
<pubKey>
<sig>

Verification script

OP_HASH160
<pubKeyHash>
OP_EQUALVERIFY
OP_CHECKSIG

Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack

hash160 (<pubKey>)
<pubKey>
<sig>

Verification script

<pubKeyHash>
OP_EQUALVERIFY
OP_CHECKSIG

Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack

<pubKeyHash>
hash160 (<pubKey>)
<pubKey>
<sig>

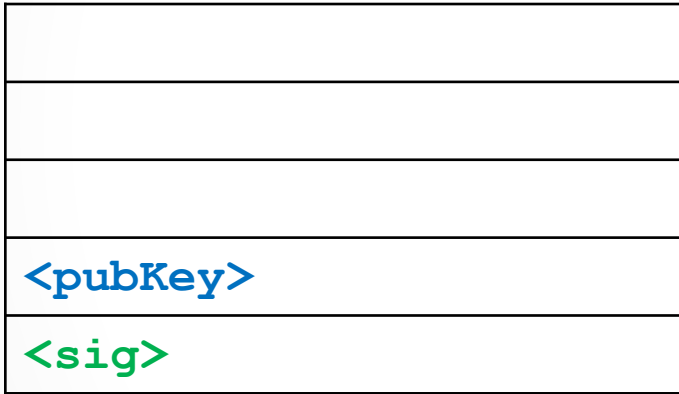
Verification script

OP_EQUALVERIFY
OP_CHECKSIG

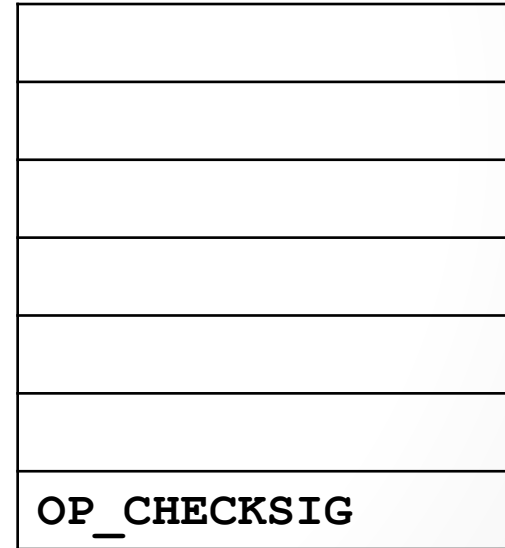
Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack



Verification script



Pay-to-PubkeyHash

scriptPubKey: OP_DUP OP_HASH160 <pubKeyHash> OP_EQUALVERIFY OP_CHECKSIG
scriptSig: <sig> <pubKey>

Stack



Verification
script



Return true.

Other Transaction Types

- **Coinbase**
No input
- **Pay to Script Hash (P2SH)**
Script in signature (receiver side)
- **Multisig**
Require k/n signatures